

August Forecast Update for Australian-Region Tropical Storm Activity in 2003/4

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Forecast Summary

TSR lowers its earlier forecasts and anticipates the 2003/4 Australian region tropical cyclone season will see slightly below average activity.

The TSR (Tropical Storm Risk) early August forecast update for Australian-region tropical cyclone activity anticipates a slightly below average season for 2003/4. The forecast spans the Australian season from the 1st November 2003 to the 30th April 2004 and is based on data available through the end of July 2003. The TSR predictor for Australian-region total numbers is the forecast anomaly in October-November Niño 4 sea surface temperature (SST) which is anticipated to be warmer than normal at 0.33±0.23 °C. The TSR predictor for Australian landfalling numbers is the forecast anomaly in December-March SST for the extended ENSO region 5°N-5°S, 120°W-177.5°W which is anticipated to be slightly warmer than normal at 0.13±0.36 °C. The reduction in forecast storm activity from last month comes from both predictors now anticipated to be warmer than before. Monthly updated forecasts will follow through to early December 2003. Appendices give the TSR predictions from previous months.

Australian Region Total Numbers Forecast for 2003/4

				Severe Tropical Cyclones	Tropical Storms	
	TSR Forecast (±FE)		2003 /4	4.9 (±1.8)	10.0 (±2.7)	
	10yr Climate Norm (±	SD)	1993/4-2002/3	$5.8 (\pm 2.0)$	10.6 (±3.0)	
	30yr Climate Norm (±	SD)	1973/4-2002/3	5.8 (±2.4)	11.2 (±3.9)	
	Forecast Skill at this I	Lead	1988/9-2002/3	15%	45%	
Key:	Severe Tropical Cyclone	=	1 Minute Sustained Wind >	63Kts = Hurricane Cate	egory 1 to 5.	
	Tropical Storm	=	1 Minute Sustained Wind >	33Kts.		
SD = Standard Deviation. FE (Forecast Error) = Standard Deviation of Errors in Replicated Real Time For Forecast Skill = Percentage Improvement in Mean Square Error over Runr						
				unning 10-year Prior Climate		
	Australian Region	=	Norm from Replicated Real Time Forecasts 1988/9-2002/3. Southern hemisphere 100°E to 170°E (Storm Must Form as a Tropical Cyclone Within to Count).			

- Tropical storm and severe tropical cyclone numbers are expected to be below the 30-year climate norm in 2003/4.
- Very severe tropical cyclones (hurricane category 3-5) are not forecast due to data reliability problems in the historical record.
- The TSR Australian region (100°E to 170°E), while slightly non-standard, is selected to provide the best overview for tropical cyclone activity around the whole of Australia.

Australian Landfalling Numbers in 2003/4

		Storms
TSR Forecast (±FE)	2003 /4	4.7 (±1.9)
Average (±SD)	1993/4-2002/3	$4.6 (\pm 1.9)$
Average (±SD)	1973/4-2002/3	$4.8 (\pm 2.3)$
Forecast Skill at this Lead	1988/9-2002/3	1%

Key: Landfalling Region = Northern Australian coast from Perth around to Brisbane.

• Severe tropical cyclone strikes are not forecast due to their low occurrence rate and to their lack of correlation with tropical storm strike numbers.

Key Predictors for 2003/4

The key factor behind our forecast for Australian-region tropical storm activity in 2003/4 being slightly below average is the anticipated suppressing effect of warmer than normal early austral summer SSTs in the Niño 4 region. Above average SSTs in this region lead to above average atmospheric vertical wind shear over the Australian region during Austral summer; a condition favouring below average tropical storm activity. Our current forecast SST anomaly (1973/4-2002/3 climatology) for October-November 2003 Niño 4 SST is 0.33±0.23 °C (up from -0.24±0.38 °C last month). The forecast skill for this predictor is 81% (assessed using replicated real-time forecasts over the last 15 years). Our landfalling predictor (December 2003 - March 2004 forecast SST value for the extended ENSO region 5°N-5°S, 120°W-177.5°W) is anticipated to be 0.13±0.36 °C (up from -0.49±0.51 °C last month). The forecast skill for this predictor at this lead is 79%.

Further Information

Further information on the TSR forecast methodology, the TSR simulated real-time forecast skill as a function of lead time, and on TSR in general, may be obtained either from the 'Long-Range Forecast for Australian-Region Tropical Storm Activity in 2003/4' document issued on the 16th May 2003 or from the TSR web site tropicalstormrisk.com. The next TSR monthly forecast update for the 2003/4 Australian-Region Tropical Storm season will be issued on the 5th September 2003.











Appendix - Predictions from Previous Months

1. Australian Region Total Numbers

Australian Region Total Numbers 2003/4					
		Tropical Storms	Severe Tropical Cyclones		
Average Number (±SI	D) (1993/4-2002/3)	10.6 (±3.0)	5.8 (±2.0)		
Average Number (±SI	D) (1973/4-2002/3)	11.2 (±3.9)	5.8 (±2.4)		
	5 Aug 2003	10.0 (±2.7)	4.9 (±1.8)		
TCD Foregoets (±EE)	4 Jul 2003	11.3 (±3.0)	5.3 (±2.0)		
TSR Forecasts (±FE)	10 Jun 2003	12.1 (±3.2)	5.6 (±2.1)		
	15 May 2003	11.6 (±3.4)	5.5 (±2.2)		

2. Australian Landfalling Numbers

Australian Landfalling Numbers 2003/4						
	Tropical Storms					
Average Number (±SI	4.1 (±2.5)					
Average Number (±SI	4.7 (±2.5)					
	5 Aug 2003	4.7 (±1.9)				
TCD Foregoets (+FF)	4 Jul 2003	5.0 (±1.9)				
TSR Forecasts (±FE)	10 Jun 2003	5.2 (±2.4)				
	15 May 2003	5.2 (±2.4)				